

100+ History MCQs for NDA

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1. Who was the first President of the United States?
 - a) Thomas Jefferson
 - b) George Washington
 - c) Abraham Lincoln
 - d) John Adams

2. The French Revolution began in which year?
 - a) 1776
 - b) 1789
 - c) 1804
 - d) 1815

3. The Treaty of Versailles was signed after which war?
 - a) World War I
 - b) World War II
 - c) American Civil War
 - d) Korean War

4. Which ancient civilization built the Great Pyramids of Giza?
 - a) Roman Empire
 - b) Persian Empire
 - c) Egyptian Empire
 - d) Greek Empire

15. Who wrote the Communist Manifesto?
 - a) Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels
 - b) Vladimir Lenin
 - c) Joseph Stalin
 - d) Leon Trotsky

6. The Industrial Revolution began in which country?
 - a) France
 - b) England
 - c) Germany
 - d) United States

7. Who was the first person to sail around the world?
- a) Vasco da Gama
 - b) Christopher Columbus
 - c) Ferdinand Magellan
 - d) James Cook
8. The Berlin Wall, which divided East and West Germany, fell in which year?
- a) 1989
 - b) 1961
 - c) 1975
 - d) 1991
9. Who was the leader of the Soviet Union during World War II?
- a) Vladimir Lenin
 - b) Mikhail Gorbachev
 - c) Joseph Stalin
 - d) Nikita Khrushchev
10. The Renaissance was a period of cultural and intellectual growth that originated in which country?
- a) Italy
 - b) England
 - c) Spain
 - d) France
11. The Battle of Waterloo was fought in which year?
- a) 1805
 - b) 1815
 - c) 1799
 - d) 1820
12. Who was the first Prime Minister of India?
- a) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - b) Indira Gandhi
 - c) Rajiv Gandhi
 - d) Mahatma Gandhi
13. The American Declaration of Independence was adopted in which year?
- a) 1776
 - b) 1789
 - c) 1812
 - d) 1861



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14. The Magna Carta, signed in 1215, limited the power of which English monarch?²

- a) Henry VIII
- b) Richard III
- c) William the Conqueror
- d) King John

15. Who was the leader of the Civil Rights Movement in the United States?

- a) Rosa Parks
- b) Martin Luther King Jr.
- c) Malcolm X
- d) Harriet Tubman

16. Which country was responsible for the construction of the Panama Canal?

- a) United States
- b) France
- c) Spain
- d) England

17. The Opium Wars were fought between China and which other country?

- a) Japan
- b) United States
- c) France
- d) United Kingdom

18. Who was the first European explorer to reach India by sea?

- a) Vasco da Gama
- b) Christopher Columbus
- c) Ferdinand Magellan
- d) James Cook

19. The American Civil War was fought between which two sides?

- a) North and South Korea
- b) Allies and Axis powers
- c) Union and Confederacy
- d) Protestants and Catholics

20. The Bolshevik Revolution led to the establishment of which country?

- a) Germany
- b) Italy
- c) Soviet Union
- d) France

21. The Holocaust, during World War II, targeted which group of people?

² Provided by: defencemaniac.com

- a) Jews
- b) Muslims
- c) Christians
- d) Buddhists

22. Who wrote the book "1984"?

- a) George Orwell
- b) Aldous Huxley
- c) F. Scott Fitzgerald
- d) J.R.R. Tolkien

23. The Treaty of Tordesillas divided the New World between which two countries?

- a) Spain and Portugal
- b) France and England
- c) United States and Mexico
- d) Germany and Austria

24. The ancient city of Troy was located in which modern-day country?

- a) Greece
- b) Turkey
- c) Egypt
- d) Italy

25. The Treaty of Ghent ended which war?

- a) American Revolutionary War
- b) War of 1812
- c) American Civil War
- d) French and Indian War

26. Who was the leader of the Soviet Union during the Cuban Missile Crisis?

- a) Vladimir Lenin
- b) Joseph Stalin
- c) Mikhail Gorbachev
- d) Nikita Khrushchev

27. The Hundred Years' War was fought between which two countries?

- a) France and England
- b) Spain and Portugal
- c) Germany and Austria
- d) Italy and Greece

28. The Treaty of Paris, signed in 1783, recognized the independence of which country?

- a) United States

- b) France³
- c) Spain
- d) England

29. Who was the first female Prime Minister of India?

- a) Sonia Gandhi
- b) Indira Gandhi
- c) Margaret Thatcher
- d) Golda Meir

30. The Treaty of Nanking ended which conflict?

- a) Opium Wars
- b) Boxer Rebellion
- c) Korean War
- d) Vietnam War

31. The Boxer Rebellion took place in which country?

- a) China
- b) Japan
- c) Korea
- d) Vietnam

32. Who was the first African American President of the United States?

- a) Barack Obama
- b) Martin Luther King Jr.
- c) Malcolm X
- d) Nelson Mandela

33. The Eiffel Tower is located in which city?

- a) Paris
- b) London
- c) Rome
- d) Berlin

34. Who was the first person to set foot on the moon?

- a) Neil Armstrong
- b) Buzz Aldrin
- c) Yuri Gagarin
- d) Alan Shepard

35. The Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, signed in 1848, ended which war?

- a) American Revolutionary War
- b) Mexican-American War

³ Provided by: defencemaniac.com

- c) Spanish-American War
- d) Civil War

36. The Emancipation Proclamation, issued by President Abraham Lincoln, freed the slaves in which country?

- a) United States
- b) England
- c) France
- d) Canada

37. The Battle of Stalingrad, a turning point in World War II, was fought between which two countries?

- a) Germany and France
- b) United States and Japan
- c) Soviet Union and Germany
- d) Italy and Greece

38. Who is considered the "Father of the Indian

Independence Movement"?

- a) Mohandas Gandhi
- b) Jawaharlal Nehru
- c) Subhas Chandra Bose
- d) Bhagat Singh

39. The Treaty of Paris of 1763 ended which war?

- a) French and Indian War
- b) American Revolutionary War
- c) American Civil War
- d) War of 1812

40. Who was the first Emperor of Rome?

- a) Julius Caesar
- b) Augustus Caesar
- c) Nero
- d) Constantine

41. The Battle of Hastings took place in which year?

- a) 1066
- b) 1215
- c) 1347
- d) 1492

42. The Vietnam War lasted from which years?⁴
- a) 1945-1950
 - b) 1954-1962
 - c) 1961-1975
 - d) 1980-1988
43. Who was the leader of the Nazi Party in Germany?
- a) Adolf Hitler
 - b) Joseph Stalin
 - c) Benito Mussolini
 - d) Francisco Franco
44. The Renaissance was a period of rebirth of interest in which of the following?
- a) Science and technology
 - b) Art and literature
 - c) Religion and philosophy
 - d) Political and economic systems
45. Who discovered penicillin?
- a) Alexander Fleming
 - b) Louis Pasteur
 - c) Marie Curie
 - d) Albert Einstein
46. The Mughal Empire reached its peak under the rule of which emperor?
- a) Akbar
 - b) Shah Jahan
 - c) Aurangzeb
 - d) Babur
47. The Marshall Plan was introduced to provide aid to which region after World War II?
- a) Europe
 - b) Africa
 - c) Asia
 - d) Middle East
48. Who was the first female Prime Minister of the United Kingdom?
- a) Theresa May
 - b) Angela Merkel
 - c) Margaret Thatcher
 - d) Queen Elizabeth II
49. The Great Wall of China was built during the reign of which dynasty?

⁴ Provided by: defencemaniac.com

- a) Ming Dynasty
- b) Qing Dynasty
- c) Han Dynasty
- d) Tang Dynasty

50. Who assassinated Archduke Franz Ferdinand, leading to the outbreak of World War I?

- a) Gavrilo Princip
- b) Adolf Hitler
- c) Benito Mussolini
- d) Joseph Stalin

51. The Treaty of Brest-Litovsk, signed in 1918, ended which country's involvement in World War I?

- a) Germany
- b) United Kingdom
- c) France
- d) Russia

52. The League of Nations was established after which war?

- a) World War I
- b) World War II
- c) Cold War
- d) Korean War

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53. Who was the first President of South Africa after the end of apartheid?

- a) Nelson Mandela
- b) F.W. de Klerk
- c) Jacob Zuma
- d) Thabo Mbeki

54. The Treaty of Westphalia, signed in 1648, ended which war?

- a) Thirty Years' War
- b) Hundred Years' War
- c) Seven Years' War
- d) Napoleonic Wars

55. The Indian Rebellion of 1857, also known as the Sepoy Mutiny, was a major uprising against which colonial power?

- a) British Empire
- b) French Empire
- c) Dutch Empire
- d) Portuguese Empire

56. The Cold War was a period of geopolitical tension between which two superpowers?⁵
- a) United States and Soviet Union
 - b) United States and China
 - c) United States and United Kingdom
 - d) Soviet Union and China
57. Who was the last Queen of France before the French Revolution?
- a) Marie Antoinette
 - b) Catherine de' Medici
 - c) Joan of Arc
 - d) Queen Victoria
58. The Treaty of Lisbon, signed in 2007, reformed which organization?
- a) United Nations
 - b) European Union
 - c) NATO
 - d) ASEAN
59. The Treaty of Tilsit, signed in 1807, was an agreement between which two leaders?
- a) Napoleon Bonaparte and Tsar Alexander I
 - b) Winston Churchill and Joseph Stalin
 - c) Adolf Hitler and Benito Mussolini
 - d) Franklin D. Roosevelt and Winston Churchill
60. Who wrote the book "The Prince"?
- a) Niccolò Machiavelli
 - b) Plato
 - c) Aristotle
 - d) Thomas Hobbes
61. The Reformation was a religious movement that began in which century?
- a) 14th century
 - b) 15th century
 - c) 16th century
 - d) 17th century
62. Who was the first Emperor of China?
- a) Qin Shi Huang
 - b) Confucius
 - c) Sun Tzu
 - d) Laozi
63. The Treaty of Ghent ended which conflict?

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- a) War of 1812
- b) American Revolutionary War
- c) American Civil War
- d) French and Indian War

64. Who was the leader of the Allied forces during World War II?

- a) Dwight D. Eisenhower
- b) Franklin D. Roosevelt
- c) Winston Churchill
- d) Joseph Stalin

65. The Salem witch trials took place in which colony?

- a) Massachusetts
- b) Virginia
- c) Pennsylvania
- d) New York

66. Who was the leader of the Bolshevik Party during the Russian Revolution?

- a) Vladimir Lenin
- b) Joseph Stalin
- c) Leon Trotsky
- d) Mikhail Gorbachev

67. The Treaty of Paris of 1783 recognized the independence of which country?

- a) United States
- b) France
- c) Spain
- d) England

68. Who was the first Emperor of Japan?

- a) Hirohito
- b) Meiji
- c) Akihito
- d) Naruhito

69. The War of 1812 between the United States and Britain was fought primarily over issues related to which country?

- a) Canada
- b) Mexico
- c) Cuba
- d) Spain

70. The Magna Carta, signed in 1215, established the principle of which of the following?

- a) Rule of law

- b) Divine right of kings
- c) Absolute monarchy
- d) Feudalism

71. Who was the first Prime Minister of the United Kingdom?

- a) Robert Walpole
- b) Winston Churchill
- c) Margaret Thatcher
- d) Tony Blair

72. The Suez Canal, connecting the Mediterranean Sea and the Red Sea, was built in which century?

- a) 19th century
- b) 18th century
- c) 17th century
- d) 20th century

73. The Treaty of Paris, signed in

1783, officially ended which war?

- a) American Revolutionary War
- b) French and Indian War
- c) War of 1812
- d) American Civil War

74. Who was the first female Prime Minister of the United Kingdom?

- a) Margaret Thatcher
- b) Queen Elizabeth II
- c) Theresa May
- d) Angela Merkel

75. The Bolshevik Revolution of 1917 led to the establishment of which country?

- a) Soviet Union
- b) Germany
- c) France
- d) Italy

76. The Berlin Wall, which divided East and West Germany, fell in which year?

- a) 1989
- b) 1961
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- d) 1991

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 - d) Harriet Tubman
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- a) World War I
 - b) World War II
 - c) Korean War
 - d) Vietnam War
79. Who was the leader of the Soviet Union during World War II?
- a) Joseph Stalin
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80. The Renaissance was a period of cultural and intellectual growth that originated in which country?
- a) Italy
 - b) England
 - c) Spain
 - d) France
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 - b) Thomas Jefferson
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 - c) 1804
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 - d) Italy and Greece
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- a) Art and literature⁷
- b) Science and technology
- c) Religion and Philosophy
- d) Political and economic systems

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- c) Italy
- d) France

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- b) Muslims
- c) Christians
- d) Buddhists

98. The Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, signed in 1848, ended which war?

- a) Mexican-American War

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- b) American Revolutionary War
- c) Spanish-American War
- d) Civil War

99. The Emancipation Proclamation, issued by President Abraham Lincoln, freed the slaves in which country?

- a) United States
- b) England
- c) France
- d) Canada

100. The Reformation was a religious movement that began in which century?

- a) 16th century
- b) 14th century
- c) 15th century
- d) 17th century

Answer Key

1. b) George Washington
2. b) 1789
3. a) World War I
4. c) Egyptian Empire
5. a) Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels
6. b) England
7. c) Ferdinand Magellan
8. a) 1989
9. c) Joseph Stalin
10. a) Italy
11. b) 1815
12. a) Jawaharlal Nehru
13. a) 1776
14. d) King John
15. b) Martin Luther King Jr.
16. a) United States
17. a) United Kingdom
18. a) Vasco da Gama
19. c) Union and Confederacy
20. c) Soviet Union
21. a) Jews
22. a) George Orwell

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23. a) Spain and Portugal⁸
24. b) Turkey
25. b) War of 1812
26. d) Nikita Khrushchev
27. a) France and England
28. a) United States
29. b) Indira Gandhi
30. a) Opium Wars
31. a) China
32. a) Barack Obama
33. a) Paris
34. a) Neil Armstrong
35. b) Mexican-American War
36. a) United States
37. c) Soviet Union and Germany
38. a) Mohandas Gandhi
39. b) American Revolutionary War
40. b) Augustus Caesar
41. a) 1066
42. c) 1961-1975
43. a) Adolf Hitler
44. b) Art and literature
45. a) Alexander Fleming
46. a) Akbar
47. a) Europe
48. c) Margaret Thatcher
49. a) Ming Dynasty
50. a) Gavrilo Princip
51. d) Russia
52. a) World War I
53. a) Nelson Mandela
54. a) Thirty Years' War
55. a) British Empire
56. a) United States and Soviet Union
57. a) Marie Antoinette
58. b) European Union
59. a) Napoleon Bonaparte and Tsar Alexander I
60. a) Niccolò Machiavelli
61. c) 16th century
62. a) Qin Shi Huang
63. b) War of 1812
64. a) Dwight D. Eisenhower
65. a) Massachusetts

⁸ Provided by: defencemaniac.com

66. a) Vladimir Lenin
67. a) United States
68. b) Meiji
69. a) Canada
70. a) Rule of law
71. a) Robert Walpole
72. a) 19th century
73. a) American Revolutionary War
74. a) Margaret Thatcher
75. a) Soviet Union
76. a) 1989
77. a) Martin Luther King Jr.
78. a) World War I
79. a) Joseph Stalin
80. a) Italy
81. b) George Washington
82. b) 1789
83. a) England
84. a) Ferdinand Magellan
85. a) United Kingdom
86. a) Vasco da Gama
87. a) 1815
88. a) 1776
89. a) Opium Wars
90. a) France and England
91. b) Art and literature
92. a) Adolf Hitler
93. b) Indira Gandhi
94. a) Spain and Portugal
95. c) Union and Confederacy
96. a) Soviet Union
97. a) Jews
98. a) Mexican-American War
99. a) United States
100. a) 16th century⁹

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